

# CCD AND CMOS IMAGE PICKUP MODULE

## BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention is related to a CCD and CMOS image pickup module, and more particularly to an image pickup module in which by means of the high precision of the surface of the package of the image sensor, the axis of the lens will not deflect from the image sensor so that image deflection can be avoided.

Fig. 6 shows a conventional CCD image pickup module. A CCD image sensor 91 and relevant electronic circuit 92 are laid on a circuit main board 90. A coupling transistor is disposed at the center of the image sensor 91. Two fixing holes 93 are formed on two sides of the image sensor 91. Screws 96 are passed through the fixing holes 93 and screwed into two thread holes 942 on two sides of a lens seat 94 to lock the lens seat 94 on the circuit main board 90. A lens 95 is screwed in the lens seat 94.

The electronic circuit 92 is laid over the circuit main board 90. The electronic circuit 92 itself has a certain thickness. In addition, after soldered, the soldering points will protrude beyond the circuit main body 90. Therefore, there is a difference in height between the electronic circuit 92 and the soldering points. As a result, when locking the lens seat 94, the axis 951 of the lens will be deflected from the sensor center 911 of the image sensor 91 ( as shown in Fig. 8 ). This leads to image deflection and distorts the image.



image deflection.

It is a further object of the present invention to provide the above CCD and CMOS image pickup module having reduced volume so that the design and use of the image pickup module is facilitated.

The present invention can be best understood through the following description and accompanying drawings wherein:

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1 is a perspective exploded view of a first embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 2 is a sectional assembled view of the first embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 3 is a sectional assembled view of a second embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 4 is a sectional assembled view of a third embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 5 is a sectional assembled view of the fourth embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 6 is a perspective exploded view of a conventional CCD image pickup module;

Fig. 7 is a sectional assembled view of the conventional CCD image pickup module, showing the displacement of the axis of the lens; and

Fig. 8 is a sectional assembled view of the conventional CCD

image pickup module, showing the deflection of the axis of the lens.

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Please refer to Figs. 1 and 2. According to a first embodiment of the present invention, the image pickup module includes a circuit main board 1 on which an image sensor 2 ( CMOS, CCD ) and relevant electronic elements are laid. A lens seat 3 is disposed on the upper edge of the package of the image sensor 2.

The upper package of the image sensor 2 includes a sealing glass sheet 21. The outer periphery of the glass sheet 21 is slightly smaller than the profile of the package of the image sensor 2, whereby a plane section 20 free from covering of the glass sheet 21 is left on the periphery of top face of the image sensor 2.

The lens seat 3 has an image pickup cylinder 31 correspondingly positioned above and at least covering the coupling transistor 22 of the image sensor 2. A connecting section 32 is formed on the bottom of the image pickup cylinder 31. The outer periphery of the connecting section 32 has a dimension equal to that of the outer periphery of the image sensor 3. The inner periphery of the bottom face of the connecting section 32 is formed with a stepped section having a first end face 322 and a second end face 321. The inner periphery of the first end face 322 has a dimension slightly larger than that of the outer periphery of the glass sheet 21. The inner periphery of the second end face 321 has a dimension slightly smaller than that of the outer periphery of the glass

sheet 21. The first and second end faces 322, 321 of the lens seat 3 are respectively connected with the plane section 20 of the periphery of top face of the image sensor and the top face of the glass sheet 21.

The lens seat 3 covers and encloses the image sensor 2 with the connecting section 32 sealedly attaching to the periphery of the top face of the package of the image sensor 2. With the profile of the outer periphery of the package of the image sensor 2 serving as a normal standard for the axis of the lens 33, an auxiliary locating unit ( not shown ) is co-used to project the axis of the lens 33 onto the sensor center 221 of the coupling transistor 22.

When manufacturing and packaging the image sensor 2, the surface and dimension thereof have very high precision. Therefore, when mounting the lens seat, a device or other auxiliary locating unit can be used to aim the lens seat 3 at the outer periphery of the image sensor 2. The first and second end faces 322, 321 of the lens seat 3 are respectively adhered to the plane section 20 of the periphery of top face of the image sensor and the top face of the glass sheet 21. The outer edges of the lens seat and the image sensor are flush with each other so that the axis of the lens will not be displaced from the sensor center 221 of the coupling transistor 22 of the image sensor. The plane section 20 of the periphery of top face of the image sensor and the top face of the glass sheet 21 and the first and second end faces 322, 321 of the lens seat 3 all are plane faces with very high precision. Therefore, after adhered, the axis of the lens will not be deflected from the center of the image sensor so that no image deflection will take place.

The design of the lens seat of the present invention can be modified to meet various types and specifications of image sensors.

Fig. 3 shows a second embodiment of the present invention, in which the top package of the image sensor 4 ( CMOS, CCD ) includes a sealing glass sheet 41. The outer periphery of the glass sheet 41 is overlaid on and flush with the profile of the package of the image sensor 4. The inner periphery of the bottom face of the connecting section 32a of the lens seat is formed with a step face 321a. The inner periphery of the step face 321a has a dimension slightly smaller than that of the outer periphery of the glass sheet 41. The step face 321a is attached to the periphery of the top face of the glass sheet 41. With the profile of the outer periphery of the package of the image sensor 4 serving as a standard for the outer periphery of the step face 321a, the axis of the lens 33a is projected onto the sensor center of the coupling transistor.

Fig. 4 shows a third embodiment of the present invention, in which the top package of the image sensor 5 ( CMOS, CCD ) includes a sealing glass sheet 51. The outer periphery of the glass sheet 51 is slightly smaller than the profile of the package of the image sensor 5. The inner periphery of the bottom face of the connecting section 32b of the lens seat is formed with a step face 321b. The inner periphery of the step face 321b has such a dimension as to encompass the entire glass sheet 51. With the profile of the outer periphery of the package of the image sensor 5 serving as a standard for the outer periphery of the step face 321b, the axis of the lens 33b is projected onto the sensor center of

the coupling transistor.

Fig. 5 shows a fourth embodiment of the present invention, in which the lens seat 3c covers and encloses the image sensor 6 ( CMOS, CCD ) to serve as a top package of the image sensor 6. The connecting section 32c of the lens seat outward extends to encompass the outer periphery of the package of the image sensor 6. With the profile of the outer periphery of the package of the image sensor 6 serving as a standard, the axis of the lens is projected onto the sensor center of the coupling transistor. With such measure, the sealing glass sheet is omitted during packaging so that the production efficiency can be promoted.

In conclusion, with the high precision of the package of the image sensor, the lens seat is adhered to the upper edge of the package, whereby the axis of the lens will not deflect from the image sensor and the axis of the lens will project onto the sensor center of the coupling transistor of the image sensor so as to avoid image deflection. Moreover, it is no more necessary to tighten two sides of the lens seat with screws so that the volume can be reduced. This facilitates design and use of the image pickup module.

The above embodiments are only used to illustrate the present invention, not intended to limit the scope thereof. Many modifications of the above embodiments can be made without departing from the spirit of the present invention.